



# College of Dental Hygienists of BC Annual Report

March 1, 2022 – August 31, 2022

# **Amalgamation of Oral Health Colleges in BC**

On September 1, 2022, four BC oral health colleges, including the College of Dental Hygienists of BC (CDHBC), were amalgamated to establish the BC College of Oral Health Professionals (BCCOHP).

This amalgamation was informed by recommendations outlined in the 2020 report, Recommendations to modernize the provincial health profession regulatory framework, specifically to reduce the number of health profession regulatory colleges in BC from 20 to six. This included a recommendation to create a single oral health regulatory college through the amalgamation of the College of Dental Surgeons of BC, College of Denturists of BC, College of Dental Hygienists of BC, and College of Dental Technicians of BC.

Following amalgamation, the BCCOHP Board and Financial, Audit and Risk Committee conducted due diligence to vet and approve the audited financial statements for CDHBC's final fiscal year (March 1 to August 31, 2022) and determined they are financially sound.

As CDHBC ceased to exist after August 31, 2022, BCCOHP is publishing CDHBC's annual report for the March 1, 2022 to August 31, 2022 fiscal year, on its behalf.

# **2022 Board**

The creation of BCCOHP was only possible because the boards of CDHBC and the other three oral health colleges had the courage and conviction that amalgamating the colleges could build a stronger, more resilient, and more modern oral health regulator.

The following individuals comprised the final CDHBC Board:

- David MacPherson, Chair Public Representative
- Julie Akeroyd, Vice Chair Public Representative
- Amber Ariss Elected Member
- Emily Chowne Public Representative
- Elizabeth Cavin Elected Member
- Tara McCall Elected Member
- Ruth Lunn Elected Member
- Wendy Kelly Public Representative

# College of Dental Hygienists of BC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 1, 2022, to August 31, 2022

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**



To the Finance, Audit and Risk Committee of the British Columbia College of Oral Health Professionals:

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of College of Dental Hygienists of B.C. ("the College"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at August 31, 2022 and the statement of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the period ended August 31, 2022 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the College as at August 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the College in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which explains that the period ended August 31, 2022 is the final period of operations as the College of Dental Hygienists.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the College or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the College's financial reporting process.

#### \* A Partnership of Incorporated Professionals

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the College's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the College to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Victoria, B.C. December 8, 2022

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Lee and Sharpe

# **STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

## PERIOD ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

RECEIPTS	August 31, 2022 (6 months)	<b>February 28, 2022</b> (12 months)
Annual registration fees Initial registration fees Application fees Interest income Late payment fees and other QAP Assessment Tool CDH Pro Modules CPEDH fees	\$ 1,119,847 148,785 27,300 25,076 7,473 6,885 2,325 	\$ 2,209,725 188,025 34,800 110,459 15,229 59,925 575 5,000 2,623,738
DISBURSEMENTS Wages and benefits Professional services Amalgamation costs Per diems and travel Building occupancy Awards and contributions College communications Office and sundry Training Credit card charges Investment management fee CPEDH expenses Materials and supplies Document distribution	1,151,219 269,708 127,389 68,813 55,518 50,322 47,535 44,370 14,057 10,710 7,611 5,000 4,880 2,227	1,206,085 591,903 178,456 77,332 94,608 47,141 60,097 97,316 9,042 67,372 14,970 4,682 9,310 7,328
Amortization of tangible assets Amortization of intangible assets	24,642 19,374 1,903,375	40,072 33,755 2,539,469
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements from operations	(565,684)	84,269
Gains (losses) on disposal of investments	(76,655)	12,976
Unrealised losses on investments	(62,849)	(139,862)
Losses on disposal of tangible capital assets	(3,332)	(2,180)
DEFICIENCY OF RECEIPTS OVER DISBURSEMENTS	\$ (708,520)	\$ (44,797)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### **AUGUST 31, 2022**

#### **ASSETS**

	August 31, 2022	February 28, 2022
Short-term investments (Note 5) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 265,439 974,725 4,317 91,919 1,336,400	\$ 1,837,958 439,876 24,597 26,923 2,329,354
Long-term Internally restricted assets (Note 5 & 6) Funds held in trust (Note 10) Tangible capital assets (Note 7) Intangible capital assets (Note 8)	1,070,673 1,197 1,932,478 109,789	1,738,110 529,634 1,954,187 
<u> </u>	\$ 4,450,537	\$ 6,680,448
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	5	
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred revenue (Note 9) Funds held in trust (Note 10) Current portion of obligation under capital lease (Note 11)	141,599 - 1,186,648 1,197 8,153 1,337,597	\$ 195,269 13,717 2,106,740 529,634 10,951 2,856,311
Obligation under capital lease (Note 11)		2,677
Net assets Invested in capital assets Internally restricted net assets	2,042,267 1,070,673	2,083,350 1,738,110

Approved by those charge with governance

\*These financial statements were approved by members of the Board of the BC College of Oral Health Professionals on behalf of the legacy College of Dental Hygienists of BC.

3,112,940

4,450,537

3,821,460

6,680,448

# **College of Dental Hygienists of BC**

# **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS**

#### **AUGUST 31, 2022**

	ı	nvested in Capital Assets	Reserve Fund (Note 6)	ı	August 31, 2022	Fe	bruary 28, 2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$	2,083,350	1,738,110	\$	3,821,460	\$	3,866,257
Deficiency of receipts over disbursements		(47,348)	(661,172)	)	(708,520)		(44,797)
Investment in capital assets	_	6,265	(6,265)	)			
Balance, end of year	\$	2,042,267	1,070,673	\$	3,112,940	\$	3,821,460

# **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

#### PERIOD ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		August 31, 2022 (6 months)		<b>Tebruary 28,</b> <b>2022</b> 12 months)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements Items not involving cash	\$	(708,520)	\$	(44,797)
Amortization of intangible assets Amortization of tangible assets Unrealised loss on investments Loss (gain) on disposal of investments		19,374 24,642 62,849 76,655		33,755 40,072 139,862 (12,976)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	_	3,332	_	2,180
Cash provided by (used for) non-cash working capital items		(521,668)		158,096
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Funds held in trust Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred revenue		20,280 (64,996) (528,437) (53,679) (13,717)		24,897 (18,496) (37,050) 27,593 5,081
Deferred revenue	_	(920,092) (2,082,309)	_	103,039 263,160
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Reduction of obligation under capital lease		(5,475) (5,475)		(11,197) (11,197)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Increase (decrease) in internally restricted assets Purchase of tangible capital assets Purchase of intangible capital assets Increase (decrease) in short-term investments		667,437 - (6,256) (139,504) 521,677	_	94,337 (24,747) (100,800) (126,886) (158,096)
INCREASE (DECREASE) DURING THE YEAR		(1,566,107)		93,867
CASH RESOURCES, beginning of year	_	2,807,468		2,713,601
CASH RESOURCES, end of year	\$	1,241,361	\$	2,807,468
CASH RESOURCES REPRESENTED BY Cash Short-term investments Funds held in trust	\$	265,439 974,725 1,197 1,241,361	\$ 	1,837,958 439,876 529,634 2,807,468

#### **AUGUST 31, 2022**

#### Note 1 - Authority and Purpose

The College of Dental Hygienists of British Columbia (the "College") was established under the Health Professions Act, effective March 1, 1995. The College regulates the practice of dental hygiene in a manner that protects and serves the public interest. In fulfilling this role, the College establishes, maintains and enforces standards for registration and continuing competence, standards of practice and a code of ethics for the profession, and investigates and acts on complaints.

On September 1, 2022, the College amalgamated with three other regulators to form a single regulator for oral health professionals, in alignment with the Government of BC's recommendations for modernizing the health profession regulatory system. The new college is named the British Columbia College of Oral Health Professionals.

#### Note 2 - Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-profit Organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook and include the following significant accounting policies.

#### (b) Fund Accounting

The College follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

#### (c) Revenue Recognition

Registration and exam fees are recognized in the year to which they relate. Deferred revenue represents amounts received in advance of the period to which they relate.

Investment transactions are recognized on the transactions date and resulting revenue is recorded on an accrual basis.

#### (d) Short-term Investments

Short-term investments are measured at fair value and are adjusted to recognize impairment, other than a temporary impairment, in the underlying value.

#### Note 2 - Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (e) <u>Tangible Capital Assets</u>

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is determined at rates which will reduce net book value to estimated residual value over the projected useful life of each asset. Annual rates used to compute amortization are as follows, with half-rates in the year of acquisition:

Building	35 years	straight line
Computer hardware	30%	declining balance
Furniture and equipment	20%	declining balance
Computer software	100%	declining balance
Furniture and equipment		-
under capital lease	20%	declining balance

#### (f) Intangible Capital Assets

Intangible assets are recognized at cost and amortized on the basis of their useful life using the declining balance method at 30%. Intangible assets consist of externally developed database software.

#### (g) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the financial statement date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant financial statement items that require the use of estimates are as follows: useful life of tangible capital assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made, as appropriate, in the statement of operations in the year they become known.

#### Note 3 - Financial Instruments

The College initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. It subsequently measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost. The financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable. The financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The College's short-term investments are measured at fair value.

#### Note 3 - Financial Instruments (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity does not have sufficient financial resources to meet obligations as they fall due, or can only obtain such resources at excessive cost. The risk arises from mismatches in the timing of cash flows. Funding risk arises when the necessary liquidity to fund asset growth cannot be obtained at the expected terms when required. It is management's opinion the College is not exposed to significant liquidity risks arising from its financial instruments.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss resulting from failure of a borrower to honour its financial or contractual obligation. Credit risk arises in the College's investment activities. It is management's opinion the College is not exposed to significant credit risks arising from its financial instruments.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market valuations. Market risk is comprised on interest rate and other price risk.

#### Note 4 - Capital Management

The capital structure of the College consists of an investment in capital assets and internally restricted net assets. The primary objectives of the College's capital management policies are to ensure that it maintains adequate resources to support the activities of the College and minimize the risk to the stability of cash flow from operations.

#### Note 5 - Short-term Investments

		August 31, 2022	F	ebruary 28, 2022
Short-term investments consist of the following:				
Money market funds	\$	901,548	\$	300,262
Long-term funds		605,350		448,932
Other fixed income		221,520		673,057
Canadian equity		175,723		366,015
American equity		126,279		157,432
Foreign equity		14,978		232,288
	<u>\$</u>	2,045,398	<u>\$</u>	2,177,986

#### Note 5 - Short-term Investments (continued)

The above amounts are presented as follows on the statement of financial position:

Short-term investments	\$ 974,725	\$ 439,876
Internally restricted assets	 1,070,673	 1,738,110
	\$ 2,045,398	\$ 2,177,986

#### Note 6 - Internally Restricted Assets

Those charged with governance have restricted certain funds as outlined below.

Reserve Fund - To cover general operations, unanticipated contingencies, extraordinary legal costs and discipline hearings. Unless further transfers are approved, any excess or deficiency of receipts over disbursements for the year will accrue to this fund.

#### Note 7 - Tangible Capital Assets

			Net Bo	ok V	alue
	Cost	ımulated rtization	August 31 2022	Fe	bruary 28 2022
Land Building Computer hardware Furniture and equipment Computer software Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,026,411 881,491 205,703 177,188 22,064	\$ 62,964 161,716 157,279 22,064	\$ 1,026,411 818,527 43,987 19,909	\$	1,026,411 831,120 48,263 22,122
under capital lease	 45,609	 21,965	 23,644		26,271
	\$ 2,358,466	\$ 425,988	\$ 1,932,478	\$	1,954,187

#### Note 8 - Intangible Capital Assets

					Net Bo	ok Va	lue
		Cost	umulated ortization	A	august 31 2022	Fel	oruary 28 2022
Database	<u>\$</u>	355,426	\$ 245,637	\$	109,789	\$	129,163

#### Note 9 - Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues consist of amounts received from members in respect of annual registration fees for the fiscal periods ending after August 31, 2022.

# **College of Dental Hygienists of BC**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 10 - Funds Held in Trust

The College entered into an agreement with the Canadian Dental Hygienists' Association (the "CDHA") wherein annual CDHA fees are collected by the College as an agent for the CDHA and held in trust. The fees are remitted to the CDHA with a deduction for any credit card service fees incurred in the collection of these funds.

#### Note 11 - Obligation Under Capital Lease

Office formations leave 2.250/ leave note featon with
Office furniture lease, 2.25% lease rate factor with
monthly payments of \$975, maturing May 2023. The
lease is secured by office equipment with a carrying
value of \$23,644 (2022 - \$26,271).
Current portion

Au	gust 31, 2022	Fe	ebruary 28, 2022
\$	8,153 (8,153)	\$	13,628 (10,951)
\$	-	\$	2,677